# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 WITH REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	59
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	60
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	61
Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions	
Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules	64

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary Information - Major Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedules:
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Highway User Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Grants Special Revenue Fund
Supplementary Information:
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Landfill Agency Fund74
Bond Disclosures
Other Communications from Independent Auditors:

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	. 79
Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance	. 81



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Fredonia, Arizona

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, notes to the pension plan schedules, schedule of agent OPEB plans funding progress, and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's basic financial statements. The Landfill Agency fund statement of changes in fiduciary assets and liabilities and the bond disclosures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Landfill Agency fund statement of changes in fiduciary assets and liabilities and the bond disclosures, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Landfill Agency fund statement of changes in fiduciary assets and liabilities is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Bond Disclosures have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in an audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 20, 2021 on our consideration of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Fredonia Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

inter Budeds, PLIC

HintonBurdick, PLLC St. George, Utah August 20, 2021

This page intentionally left blank

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Management's Discussion and Analysis

This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Fredonia is presented for readers of The Town of Fredonia's financial statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is intended to be read in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights/Executive**

The assets plus deferred outflows of the Town of Fredonia exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year 2020 by \$18,118,796 (net position). Of this amount \$2,418,090 (unrestricted) net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

During the year, the Town's revenues from governmental activities were \$167,796 more than the \$1,515,043 in governmental activities expenditures. (Refer to report entitled Statement of Activities).

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fredonia's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,769,006. The unassigned fund balance is \$1,023,828. The unassigned fund balance is available to be spent at the government's discretion.

The Town of Fredonia's total long-term debt (including pension obligations) decreased by \$142,076 or 3.7% during the current fiscal year.

The Town of Fredonia's general fund revenues exceeded general fund expenditures by \$229,001.

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Fredonia's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town.

The first two statements are *government-wide statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's *overall* financial status.

The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operation in more *detail* than the government –wide statements.

• The *governmental fund* statements tell how *general* government services like public safety, administration, buildings inspection, etc. were financed in short term as well as what remains for future spending.

- *Propriety fund* statements offer short and long term financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*. Town of Fredonia, utilizing three proprietary funds, manages business activities for water, sewer and electric.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about funds held in trust for the benefit of individuals. The Town of Fredonia utilized a fiduciary fund for the maintenance of the landfill. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by section of *supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

**Government-wide Statements:** The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the Town's financial health.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the Town, consideration should be given to additional nofinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's population and the conditions of the Town's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

*Governmental activities* - Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as public safety, public works, parks and general administration. Sales taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

*Business-type activities* - The Town charges fees to customers to help cover the cost of services it provides. The Town's water, sewer and electric activities are included here.

**Fund Financial Statements**. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant *funds* - not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding (revenues) and spending (expenditures) for particular purposes.

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The Town Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

The Town has three kinds of funds:

*Governmental funds* - Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash* and *other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in or out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmental fund statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

*Propriety funds* - Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in propriety funds. Propriety funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. In fact, the Town's *enterprise funds* are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Fredonia's net position (80.58%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Fredonia uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Fredonia's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Fredonia's net position (6.07%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* \$2,418,090 (13.35%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

**Governmental activities -** Governmental activities increased the Town of Fredonia's net position by \$167,796.

**Business-type activities -** Business-type activities increased the Town of Fredonia's net position by \$312,517.

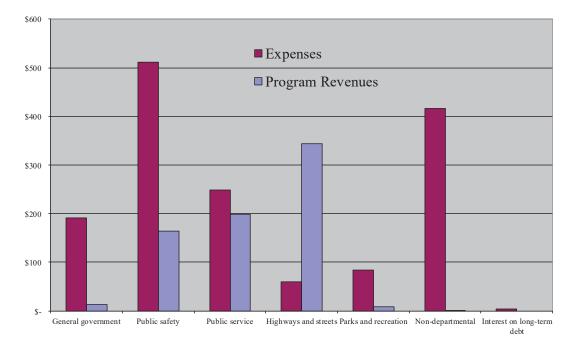
## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position

	Governmental     Business-type       activities     activities			Combined Total			
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,222,141	\$ 1,645,402	\$ 2,127,316	\$ 1,859,096	\$ 4,349,457	3,504,498	
Restricted assets	-	-	414,802	444,328	414,802	444,328	
Capital assets	7,654,473	7,739,101	9,912,334	9,907,959	17,566,807	17,647,060	
Total assets	9,876,614	9,384,503	12,454,452	12,211,383	22,331,066	21,595,886	
Deferred outflows - pensions	119,304	112,085	27,679	36,029	146,983	148,114	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	3,210	2,886	2,176	2,191	5,386	5,077	
Total deferred outflows	122,514	114,971	29,855	38,220	152,369	153,191	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	540,544	516,162	3,003,933	3,135,947	3,544,477	3,652,109	
Other liabilities	444,528	102,389	302,789	275,804	747,317	378,193	
Total liabilities	985,072	618,551	3,306,722	3,411,751	4,291,794	4,030,302	
Deferred inflows - pensions	43,982	78,381	22,708	44,163	66,690	122,544	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	5,095	5,360	1,060	1,693	6,155	7,053	
Total deferred inflows	49,077	83,741	23,768	45,856	72,845	129,597	
Net position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	7,592,435	7,658,564	7,008,291	6,829,043	14,600,726	14,487,607	
Restricted	685,178	788,329	414,802	396,546	1,099,980	1,184,875	
Unrestricted	687,366	350,289	1,730,724	1,566,407	2,418,090	1,916,696	
Total net position	\$ 8,964,979	\$ 8,797,182	\$ 9,153,817	\$ 8,791,996	\$ 18,118,796	\$ 17,589,178	

#### TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Changes in Net Position

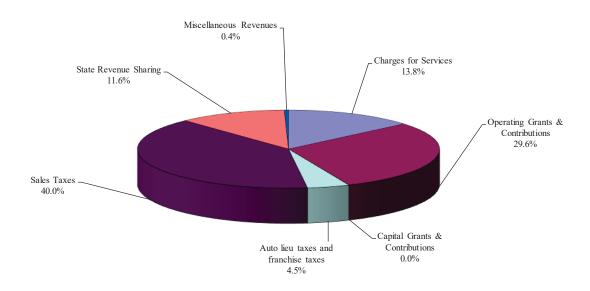
		nmental vities	Business-type activities		Combined Total			
	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2019		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 231,678	\$ 176,257	\$ 1,473,231	\$ 1,431,755	\$ 1,704,909	\$ 1,608,012		
Operating grants and								
contributions	496,679	247,035	-	-	496,679	247,035		
Capital grants and								
contributions	441	572	303,162	153,370	303,603	153,942		
General revenues:								
Taxes	745,845	607,337	-	-	745,845	607,337		
State revenue sharing	193,972	181,650						
Other	14,224	12,829	8,320	11,549	22,544	24,378		
Total revenues	1,682,839	1,225,680	1,784,713	1,596,674	3,273,580	2,640,704		
Expenses:								
General government	191,019	209,017	-	-	191,019	209,017		
Public safety	510,909	416,386	-	-	510,909	416,386		
Public service	248,604	257,321	-	-	248,604	257,321		
Highways and streets	59,710	50,835	-	-	59,710	50,835		
Parks and recreation	84,093	85,611	-	-	84,093	85,611		
Non-departmental	416,137	54,834	-	-	416,137	54,834		
Interest on long-term debt	4,571	72	-	-	4,571	72		
Water	-	-	503,465	462,823	503,465	462,823		
Wastewater	-	-	204,340	207,935	204,340	207,935		
Electric	-	-	764,391	636,322	764,391	636,322		
Total expenses	1,515,043	1,074,076	1,472,196	1,307,080	2,987,239	2,381,156		
(Decrease)/Increase in net positon								
before transfers	167,796	151,604	312,517	289,594	480,313	441,198		
Net position, beginning	8,797,183	8,645,578	8,791,996	8,502,402	17,589,179	17,147,980		
Restatement adjustment	-	-	49,304	-	49,304	-		
Net position, ending	\$ 8,964,979	\$ 8,797,182	\$ 9,153,817	\$ 8,791,996	\$ 18,118,796	\$ 17,589,178		

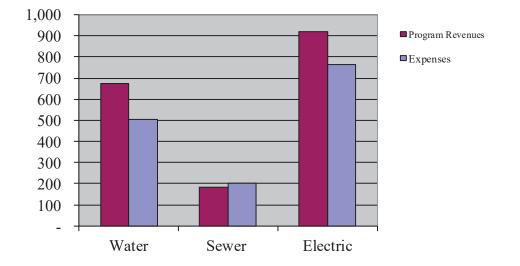
The following graphs compare program expenses to program revenues and provide a breakdown of revenues and expenses by source and activity for all governmental and business-type activities.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in Thousands)

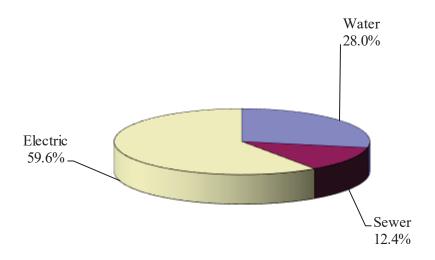
**Revenue By Source - Governmental Activities** 





## Expenses and Program Revenues - Business- type Activities (in Thousands)

**Revenue By Source - Business-type Activities** 



## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Fredonia uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Government funds** - The focus of the Town of Fredonia's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balances* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fredonia's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,769,006, an increase of \$234,614 in comparison with the prior year. The restricted fund balance of \$685,178 is restricted for future year expenditures. The restricted fund balance indicates that the balance is not available for spending at the discretion of management because it is required to be spent for specific purposes. In this case the balance is restricted for the library, fireman funds, highway user, and other projects.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Fredonia. At the end of the current fiscal year, *unassigned* fund balance of the general fund was \$983,026, while total fund balance was \$1,065,124. The Town of Fredonia's general fund, fund balance increased by \$229,001.

**Proprietary funds** - The Town of Fredonia's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position for water, sewer, and electric utilities at the end of the year totaled \$1,730,724. The sewer fund experienced a decrease in total net position for the fiscal year.

## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year actual revenues in the general fund were more than budgeted revenues by \$162,178 and budgeted expenditures were more than actual expenditures by \$177,790.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets** - The Town of Fredonia's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$17,566,807 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets include, land, buildings, improvements, autos and trucks, and machinery & equipment. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

**Long-term debt** - At year-end the Town has \$3,705,153 in long-term debt outstanding (including pension and OPEB obligations), a decrease of 3.69% from than the prior year.

More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Next Year's Budget and Economic Factors

In considering the Town Budget for fiscal year 2020/2021, the Town Council and management were cautious as to the growth of revenues and expenditures due to a slow economy. Overall governmental and proprietary fund operating expenditures were budgeted to maintain the current level of service at a reduced cost.

## **Request of Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town of Fredonia's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Town Clerk, Town of Fredonia, 25 North Main Street, Fredonia Arizona 86022

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This page intentionally left blank

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,058,279	\$ 1,895,074	\$ 3,953,353
Receivables (net of allowance)	122,706	231,833	354,539
Temporarily restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	414,802	414,802
Net OPEB asset	41,156	409	41,565
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land and improvements	72,368	105,337	177,705
Construction in progress	6,793,279	401,332	7,194,611
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
Buildings and improvements	649,073	480,295	1,129,368
System and other improvements	-	8,853,689	8,853,689
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	139,753	71,681	211,434
Total assets	9,876,614	12,454,452	22,331,066
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	119,304	27,679	146,983
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,210	2,176	5,386
Total deferred outflows of resources	122,514	29,855	152,369
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	411,979	120,207	532,186
Customer deposits	-	54,455	54,455
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	32,549	128,127	160,676
Due in more than one year	62,753	2,792,849	2,855,602
Net pension liability	476,704	210,125	686,829
Net OPEB liability	1,087	959	2,046
Total liabilities	985,072	3,306,722	4,291,794
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	43,982	22,708	66,690
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	5,095	1,060	6,155
Total deferred inflows of resources	49,077	23,768	72,845
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	7,592,435	7,008,291	14,600,726
Restricted for:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,000,271	1,000,720
Debt service	-	414,802	414,802
Highways and streets	309,809		309,809
Other purposes	375,369	-	375,369
Unrestricted	687,366	1,730,724	2,418,090

TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Progra.	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	kevenue and	Changes i	in Net	Position
					One	Onerating	Canital	I		<b>Primary Government</b>	vernment		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Ch S	Charges for Services	Gr: Contr	Grants & Contributions	Grants & Contributions	č DNS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	ss-type itties		Total
Primary Government: Governmental activities:		-											
General government	S	191,019	S	13,288	S	'	S	I	\$ (177,731)	\$	ı	S	(177, 731)
Public safety		510,909		145,479		18,751		441	(346,238)		ı		(346, 238)
Public service		248,604		67,657		130,415		ı	(50,532)		I		(50,532)
Highways and streets		59,710		ı		343,832		ı	284,122		I		284,122
Parks and recreation		84,093		3,970		3,681		ı	(76,442)		ı		(76, 442)
Non-departmental		416,137		1,284		I		ı	(414,853)		I		(414, 853)
Interest on long-term debt		4,571		ı		'		'	(4,571)		ı		(4,571)
Total governmental activities		1,515,043		231,678		496,679		441	(786,245)	(	'		(786, 245)
Business-type activities:													
Water		503,465		412,111		,	261,	261,001	I		169,647		169,647
Sewer		204,340		183,212			, Ŋ	2,000	I		(19, 128)		(19, 128)
Electric		764,391		877,908		'	40,	40,161	I		153,678		153,678
Total business-type activities		1,472,196		1,473,231		'	303,	303,162	I		304,197		304,197
Total primary government	Ś	2,987,239	S	1,704,909	\$	496,679	\$ 303,	303,603	(786,245)		304,197		(482,048)
	Gen	General revenues:	;;										
	S	Sales taxes	5						670,364		ı		670,364
	A	uto lieu taxes	and f	Auto lieu taxes and franchise taxes	S				75,481		ı		75,481
	St	State revenue sharing	haring	<b>F</b> (					193,972		ı		193,972
	Σ	Miscellaneous revenues	revent	ues					7,391		ı		7,391
	ŋ	Unrestricted investment earnings	vestm	ent earnings					6,833		8,320		15,153
	-	Total general	reven	Total general revenues & transfers	SIC				954,041		8,320		962,361
		Change in net position	het po:	sition				I	167,796		312,517		480,313
	Net	Net position - beginning	ginnin	30					8,797,183	8,	8,791,996		17,589,179
	Res	Restatement adjustment	ıstmen	ıt					1		49,304		49,304
	Net	Net position - ending	ding					. 1	\$ 8,964,979	\$	9,153,817	s	18, 118, 796
								1					

#### TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General		hway User Special Revenue		Grants Special Revenue		Total overnmental Funds
Assets	¢		<i>•</i>		<b>•</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	1,114,340	\$	584,076	\$	359,863	\$	2,058,279
Other		17,424		_		-		17,424
Intergovernmental		58,480		10,879		35,923		105,282
Total assets	\$	1,190,244	\$	594,955	\$	395,786	\$	2,180,985
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	104,147	\$	285,146	\$	1,713	\$	391,006
Accrued liabilities		20,973		-		-		20,973
Total liabilities		125,120		285,146		1,713		411,979
Fund Balances								
Restricted:								
Roads and highways		-		309,809		-		309,809
Public safety		12,825		-		33,575		46,400
Parks and recreation		4,236		-		68,360		72,596
Library		-		-		250,616		250,616
Cemetery		800		-		-		800
Health & welfare		4,237		-		720		4,957
Committed to:								
Pool		60,000		-		-		60,000
Unassigned		983,026		-		40,802		1,023,828
Total fund balances		1,065,124		309,809		394,073		1,769,006
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,190,244	\$	594,955	\$	395,786	\$	2,180,985

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,769,006
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Governmental capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,615,621 (1,961,148)	7,654,473
Net pension and OPEB assets are not an available resource and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		41,156
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital leases Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated absences	\$ (62,038) (476,704) (1,087) (33,264)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows Deferred inflows	\$ 122,514 (49,077)	 (573,093) 73,437
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 8,964,979

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	General	Highway User Special Revenue	Grants Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 773,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 773,069
Licenses, permits and fees	13,202	-	-	13,202
Intergovernmental revenue	193,972	343,832	143,998	681,802
Charges for services	15,518	-	-	15,518
Fines and forfeitures	109,667	-	-	109,667
Interest	4,600	2,233	-	6,833
Other revenues	78,016		4,731	82,747
Total revenues	1,188,044	346,065	148,729	1,682,838
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	192,300	-	-	192,300
Public safety	460,885	-	-	460,885
Public service	163,370	-	70,836	234,206
Parks and recreation	68,032	-	5,463	73,495
Streets and highways	-	48,544	-	48,544
Non-departmental	51,386	-	-	51,386
Capital outlay	-	364,338	-	364,338
Debt service:				
Principal	18,499	-	-	18,499
Interest	4,571			4,571
Total expenditures	959,043	412,882	76,299	1,448,224
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	229,001	(66,817)	72,430	234,614
Net change in fund balances	229,001	(66,817)	72,430	234,614
Fund balances - beginning	836,123	376,626	321,643	1,534,392
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,065,124	\$ 309,809	\$ 394,073	\$ 1,769,006

#### TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 234,614
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between depreciation expense and capital outlay. Capital outlay Depreciation Expense	\$ 14,400 (96,464)	(82,064)
		(02,001)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to decrease net position.		(2,564)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resourced of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payments on long-term debt	 \$18,499	18,499
funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension and OPEB liability is measured six months before the Town's report date. Pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension and OPEB contributions Pension and OPEB expense	\$ 57,520 (49,676)	
Tension and Of LD expense	 (49,070)	7,845
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds.		 (8,534)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 167,796

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

Assets	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Total
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 474,187	\$ 184,299	\$ 1,236,588	\$ 1,895,074
Receivables (net of allowance)	66,898	25,252	139,683	231,833
Restricted cash	256,734	158,068	-	414,802
Total current assets	797,819	367,619	1,376,271	2,541,709
Noncurrent assets:				
Net OPEB asset	109	89	211	409
Land and land rights	84,342	18,995	2,000	105,337
Construction in progress	401,332	-	-	401,332
Buildings and improvements	22,974	-	858,789	881,763
System and other improvements	8,397,161	4,684,046	2,111,528	15,192,735
Machinery and equipment	112,433	27,475	112,363	252,271
Automobiles and trucks	30,710	9,437	46,886	87,033
Accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	(3,024,966) 6,024,095	(1,882,014) 2,858,028	(2,101,157) 1,030,620	<u>(7,008,137)</u> 9,912,743
Total honeutrent assets	0,024,093	2,838,028	1,030,020	9,912,745
Total assets	6,821,914	3,225,647	2,406,891	12,454,452
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	7,404	6,005	14,270	27,679
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	582	472	1,122	2,176
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,986	6,477	15,392	29,855
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	3,845	2,271	114,091	120,207
Customer deposits	-	-	54,455	54,455
Current portion of compensated absences	1,400	1,000	4,600	7,000
Current portion of loans payable	30,131	23,581	-	53,712
Current portion of bonds payable	67,415	-	-	67,415
Total current liabilities	102,791	26,852	173,146	302,789
Long-term debt (net of current portion):				
Compensated absences	2,003	1,370	6,560	9,933
Net pension liability	56,208	45,584	108,333	210,125
Net OPEB liability	257	208	494	959
Loans payable	280,407	681,621	-	962,028
Bonds payable	1,820,888			1,820,888
Total long-term debt	2,159,763	728,783	115,387	3,003,933
Total liabilities	2,262,554	755,635	288,533	3,306,722
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	6,074	4,926	11,708	22,708
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	283	230	547	1,060
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,357	5,156	12,255	23,768
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,825,145	2,152,737	1,030,409	7,008,291
Restricted	256,734	158,068	-	414,802
Unrestricted	479,110	160,528	1,091,086	1,730,724
Total net position	\$ 4,560,989	\$ 2,471,333	\$ 2,121,495	\$ 9,153,817

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating revenues:	 Water Sewer Fund Fund		Electric Fund		Total		
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 412,061 50	\$	183,212	\$	861,810 16,098	\$	1,457,083 16,148
Total operating revenues	 412,111		183,212		877,908		1,473,231
Operating expenses:							
Salaries, wages and benefits Power purchases Service, supplies and other Office expenses and travel Utilities Professional services Insurance and surety bonds Miscellaneous Depreciation/amortization Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	 79,255 134,891 7,537 15,552 26,251 7,812 158,742 430,040 (17,929)		52,853 2,148 4,223 1,329 7,978 4,825 1,314 97,614 172,284 10,928		136,025 245,407 240,159 3,575 10,640 43,329 14,705 12,002 58,549 764,391 113,517		268,133 245,407 377,198 15,335 27,521 77,558 27,342 13,316 314,905 1,366,715 106,516
Interest income Interest expense and fiscal charges Connection fees Total nonoperating revenues(expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	 2,515 (73,425) 5,915 (64,995) (82,924)		674 (32,056) 2,000 (29,382) (18,454)		5,131 40,161 45,292 158,809		8,320 (105,481) 48,076 (49,085) 57,431
Capital grants	255,086		-		-		255,086
Change in net position	 172,162		(18,454)		158,809		312,517
Net position - beginning	4,388,827		2,440,483		1,962,686		8,791,996
Restatement adjustment	 		49,304				49,304
Net position - ending	\$ 4,560,989	\$	2,471,333	\$	2,121,495	\$	9,153,817

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:		1 0110				10000
Cash received from customers, service fees	\$	429,064	\$ 181,833	\$ 855,191	\$	1,466,088
Cash received from customers, other	•	50	-	22,771	•	22,821
Cash paid to suppliers		(202,440)	(20,250)	(503,183)		(725,873)
Cash paid to employees		(82,970)	(56,643)	(136,732)		(276,345)
Net cash flows from operating activities		143,704	104,940	238,047		486,691
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchase of capital assets		(296,829)	-	(22,450)		(319,279)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(94,476)	(31,093)	-		(125,569)
Interest paid		(73,425)	(32,056)	-		(105,481)
Connection & impact fees		5,915	2,000	40,161		48,076
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(203,729)	(61,149)	17,711		(247,167)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest on investments		2,515	674	5,131		8,320
Net cash flows from investing activities		2,515	674	5,131		8,320
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(57,510)	44,465	260,889		247,844
Cash and cash equivalents, including temporarily						
restricted cash, beginning of year		788,431	297,902	975,699		2,062,032
Cash and cash equivalents, including temporarily						
restricted cash, end of year	\$	730,921	\$ 342,367	\$ 1,236,588	\$	2,309,876
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Net operating income (loss)	\$	(17,929)	\$ 10,928	\$ 113,517	\$	106,516
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation/amortization		158,742	97,614	58,549		314,905
Pension and OPEB expense		1,167	946	2,255		4,368
Employer pension and OPEB contributions		(4,868)	(3,949)	(9,384)		(18,201)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
(Increase)/Decrease in receivables		17,003	(1,379)	(6,619)		9,005
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable - excluding		-				
accounts payable related to capital asset purchases		(10,397)	1,567	66,634		57,804
Increase/(Decrease) in accrued liabilities		(14)	(787)	6,422		5,621
Increase/(Decrease) in customer deposits		-	-	6,673		6,673
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	143,704	\$ 104,940	\$ 238,047	\$	486,691

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

Assets	Landfill Agency Fund				
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-			
Receivables:					
Other		23,546			
Total assets	\$	23,546			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	23,546			
Total liabilities		23,546			
Net Position					
Held in trust for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	_			

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, when applicable, the *primary government* is reported separately from *certain* legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### **Reporting entity**

The Town of Fredonia, Arizona (the Town) was incorporated in 1956 and is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member council with a direct elected mayor and the council appoints the vice-mayor. The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. When applicable, each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town. The Town is not a component unit of another entity and there are no entities that are component units of the Town.

#### Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the Town's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Basis of presentation – fund financial statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Highway User Revenue Fund** is used to account for the Town's share of motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds which are restricted for the maintaining, repairing, and upgrading of streets.

The **Grants Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for federal, state, and other grants and contributions that are restricted for specific use.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the provision of water services to the residents of the Town.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the Town.

The Electric Fund accounts for the provision of electrical services to the residents of the Town.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Landfill Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the Town as an agent for the Arizona Strip Landfill Corporation. These funds are custodial in nature. The results of operations are reported on the Arizona Strip Landfill Corporation's financial statements.

During the course of operations the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included as included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities column.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources or economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The proprietary and pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits and shortterm investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition for purposes of this note and the statement of cash flows.

#### Investments

The Town's policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the state treasurer's investment pool, obligations of the U.S. Government and other investments as allowed by Arizona State Statutes. All investments are carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as adjustments to interest earnings. Fair market values are based on quoted market prices. The reported value of the state treasurer's pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories of the business type activities consist principally of materials used in the repair of the distribution, collection and treatment systems and are valued at cost using the first-in/first out method. The cost of such inventories are deemed immaterial and are recorded as expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are normally recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items are deemed immaterial and are recorded as expenditure/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles	5-7 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-7 years

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Town has two types of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is pension and OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See footnote 9 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is pension and OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See footnote 9 for more information.

## Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS and PSPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Town itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Town council (council) has by resolution authorized the town manager to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### **Revenues and expenditures/expenses**

#### **Program revenues**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **NOTE 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Property Taxes**

The Town does not currently have a levy for any property taxes.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Town's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. For governmental funds, amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave in the proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements.

#### Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the gas fund, water fund, sewer fund, and refuse fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation on page 18.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. These differences are the result of converting from the current resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. The details of these differences are reported in the reconciliation on page 20.

#### **NOTE 3.** Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental funds. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Town Council. There were no amendments to the original appropriations during the current fiscal year.

Budgetary Process: State law requires that on or before the third Monday in July of each fiscal year, the town council must adopt a tentative budget. Once this tentative budget has been adopted, the expenditures may not be increased upon final adoption, however, they may be decreased.

Actually, with the adoption of the tentative budget, the council has set its maximum "limits" for expenditure, but these limits may be reduced upon final adoption.

The expenditure limitation for the Town is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. To ensure compliance with the State imposed expenditure limitation, a separate uniform expenditure report must be filed with the State each year. Expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation of all fund types as a whole. The Town complied with this law during the current fiscal year.

For management purposes, the Town adopts a budget by function and activity for each individual fund. The adopted budget can be amended as long as the total budgeted expenditures of all funds does not increase. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level in the General Fund and at the individual fund level for the Special Revenue funds.

The Town Manager, subject to Town Council approval, may at any time transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof between a department or activity. The adopted budget cannot be amended in any way without Council approval.

#### **NOTE 3.** Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Final Budget Adoption: State law specifies that on or before fourteen days prior to the day the property tax levy is adopted, the town council must adopt the final budget for the fiscal year. The date in State law for adoption of the tax levy is on or before the third Monday in August. The adopted budget then becomes the amount proposed for expenditure in the upcoming fiscal year. The adoption of the final budget may take place through a simple motion approved by the council.

#### **Expenditures over Appropriations**

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual reports as listed in the table of contents present all of the departments which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2020, if any.

#### NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments

The Town has not formally adopted deposit and investment policies that limit the Town's allowable deposits or investments and which address the specific types of risk to which the Town is exposed such as interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position follows:

Cash and cash equivalents		3,953,353
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		414,802
Agency fund cash		-
Total cash and equivalents	\$	4,368,154

#### Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, cash on hand was \$100 and the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$4,368,154. As of June 30, 2020, \$3,657,429 of the Town's bank balance of \$3,907,429 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured.

## NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### Investments

The Arizona State Treasurer's Office operates the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is available for investment of funds administered by any Arizona Public Treasurer.

The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Deposits in the LGIP are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Arizona, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments.

The provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35-323) govern the investment of funds in excess of \$100,000. A.R.S. 35-323 allows for investment in certificates of deposit, interest bearing savings accounts, repurchase agreements with a maximum maturity of 180 days, pooled investment funds established by the State Treasurer, obligations guaranteed by the United States, bonds of the State of Arizona or other local municipalities, commercial paper of prime quality that is rated "P1" by Moody's investors or "A1" by Standard and Poor's rating service, and bonds, debentures or notes that are issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States subject to certain restrictions. For investments of less than \$100,000, procedures as specified by local ordinance or resolution must be followed.

As of June 30, 2020 the government had the following investments and maturities:

		Fair Value	Quality Rating (1)	Weighted Average Maturity (2)
Cash on hand and on deposit:				
Cash on hand	\$	100	N/A	N/A
Cash in bank	-	3,890,836	N/A	N/A
Investments:				
Local Government				
Investment Pool 5		477,219	AAAF/S1+	36.5 days
Total cash and investments	\$ 4	4,368,154		

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated credit risk. N/A indicates not applicable. The Town's investment in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool #5 was rated AAAF/S1+ from Standard and Poor's.

(2) Interest rate risk is estimated using the weighted average days to maturity, when applicable.

#### **NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments (Continued)**

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35- 323) which requires that the Town's investment portfolio maturities do not exceed five years from the time of purchase.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with State law (A.R.S. 35-323) which limits investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services.

#### Fair value measurements

As noted above, the Town holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Town categorized its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The state treasurer's investment pool, as listed above, is valued using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs).

#### NOTE 5. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following cash reserves:

Restricted Cash

Water Fund - Debt Reserves	\$ 256,734
Sewer Fund - Debt Reserves	 158,068
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 414,802

# NOTE 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Balance 6/30/2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 6/30/2020	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	72,368	\$	-	\$	-	\$	72,368	
Construction in progress		6,793,279		-		-		6,793,279	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1	6,865,647		-		-		6,865,647	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements		1,759,137		-		-		1,759,137	
Furniture, Equipment, Vehicles		979,001		14,400		(2,564)		990,837	
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,738,138		14,400		(2,564)		2,749,974	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		(1,060,400)		(49,664)		-		(1,110,064)	
Furniture, Equipment, Vehicles		(804,284)		(46,800)		-		(851,084)	
Total accumulated depreciation	,	(1,864,684)		(96,464)		-		(1,961,148)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		873,454		(82,064)		(2,564)		788,826	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	7,739,101	\$	(82,064)	\$	(2,564)	\$	7,654,473	

Depreciation was charged to the functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 1,325
Public safety	54,362
Public service	19,995
Highways and streets	10,775
Parks and recreation	 10,007
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 96,464

# NOTE 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Business Type Activities:	Balance 6/30/2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 6/30/2020	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	105,337	\$	-	\$ -		\$	105,337
Construction in progress		151,474		249,858		-		401,332
Total capital assets not being depreciated		256,811		249,858		_		506,669
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		881,763		-		-		881,763
System and Other Improvements		15,168,213		24,522		-		15,192,735
Furniture, Equipment, Vehicles		302,096		44,900		(7,692)		339,304
Total capital assets being depreciated		16,352,072		69,422	1	(7,692)		16,413,802
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		(379,524)		(21,944)		-		(401,468)
System and Other Improvements		(6,068,225)		(270,821)	-			(6,339,046)
Furniture, Equipment, Vehicles	(253,175)			(22,140)	7,692			(267,623)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,700,924)		(314,905)		7,692		(7,008,137)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		9,651,148		(245,483)		-		9,405,665
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$	9,907,959	\$	4,375	\$		\$	9,912,334

Depreciation was charged to the functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	
Water	158,742
Wastewater	97,614
Electric	58,549
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 314,905

# NOTE 7. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Governmental Activities:	Balance 6/30/2019 Addition		Retirements	Balance 6/30/2020	Current Portion	
General Obligation:						
Capital Leases	\$ 80,537	\$ -	\$ (18,499)	\$ 62,038	\$ 19,549	
Total General Obligation	80,537		(18,499)	62,038	19,549	
Other Obligations						
Accrued Compensated Absences	24,730	19,534	(11,000)	33,264	13,000	
Net OPEB Liability	897	190	-	1,087	-	
Net Pension Liability	439,497	37,207	-	476,704	-	
Total Other Obligations	465,124	56,931	(11,000)	511,055	13,000	
Total Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 545,661	\$ 56,931	\$ (29,499)	\$ 573,093	\$ 32,549	
Business-Type Activities:						
Revenue Obligation: Water Infratructure Authority of Arizona (WIFA) Sewer Revenue Loan	\$ 57,823	\$-	\$ (57,823)	\$-	\$-	
USDA - Rural Development Wastewater Revenue Loan	108,190	-	(3,362)	104,828	3,512	
USDA - Rural Development Wastewater Revenue Loan	619,586	-	(19,212)	600,374	20,069	
Water Infratructure Authority of Arizona Water Loan #920126-09	339,692	-	(29,154)	310,538	30,131	
Series 2010 Water System						
Revenue Bond	1,953,626		(65,323)	1,888,303	67,415	
Total Revenue Obligation	3,078,917		(174,874)	2,904,043	121,127	
Other Obligations						
Accrued Compensated Absences	11,312	10,921	(5,300)	16,933	7,000	
Net OPEB Liability	791	168	-	959	-	
Net Pension Liability	210,548	-	(423)	210,125	-	
Total Other Obligations	222,651	11,089	(5,723)	228,017	7,000	
Total Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,301,568	\$ 11,089	\$ (180,597)	\$ 3,132,060	\$ 128,127	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3,847,229	\$ 68,020	\$ (210,096)	\$ 3,705,153	\$ 160,676	

# NOTE 7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Loans payable consist of the following at June 30, 2020:

## **Revenue Obligation - Business-type:**

\$	310,538
Ψ	510,550
	104,828
	600,374
	1,888,303
	-,,,
\$	2,904,043
	\$

Debt service requirements for loans payable are as follows:

Fiscal Period	Business-type Activities					
Ending						
June 30	 Principal			Interest		
2021	\$ 121,127		\$	100,676		
2022	125,426			96,372		
2023	129,866			91,914		
2024	134,468			87,294		
2025	139,247			82,508		
2026-2030	733,491			335,160		
2031-2035	697,967			211,126		
2036-2040	801,703			79,001		
2041	 20,748			21,215		
Total	\$ 2,904,043		\$	1,105,266		

## NOTE 8. Capital Leases

The Town has entered into agreements which are considered capital leases in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The following is an annual schedule of future minimum lease payments with the present value of the net minimum lease payments for the fiscal years ending June 30:

1						
	Ending	Gov	Governmental			
	June 30	A	ctivities			
_	2021	\$	23,070			
	2022		23,070			
	2023		23,070			
Total remaining le		69,210				
Less amount represe		(7,172)				
Present value of r	net remaining					
minimum le	ase payments	\$	62,038			

The Town is obligated under a capital lease purchase obligation to a leasing company for the purchase of law enforcement vehicles with interest accruing at 5.676%. The lease term expires in June 2023.

As of June 30, 2020 depreciation of assets under capital lease obligations is included with the expenses list under public safety governmental activities in the statement of activities, and the assets included in the statement of net position as follows:

#### NOTE 9. Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits

The Town contributes to the Arizona State Retirements System and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other post employment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	 ASRS	 PSPRS	Com	bined Total	 ernmental ctivities	iness-Type .ctivities
Net pension/OPEB asset	\$ 873	\$ 40,692	\$	41,565	\$ 41,156	\$ 409
Net pension/OPEB liabilities	450,222	238,653		688,875	477,791	211,084
Deferred outflows of resources	63,673	88,696		152,369	122,514	29,855
Deferred inflows of resources	50,693	22,152		72,845	49,077	23,768
Pension/OPEB expense	14,321	44,518		58,839	52,286	6,553

The Town reported \$52,286 of pension and OPEB expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

#### Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS)

**Plan description** – The town employees not covered by other pension plan described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement Systems (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

**Benefits provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date	Initial Membership Date				
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011				
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55				
required to receive	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60				
benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62				
	any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*				
		any years, age 65				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				

\* With actuarially reduced benefits.

#### **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction for each completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

**Contributions** – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2020, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.94 percent for retirement and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.11 percent (11.45 percent for retirement, 0.49 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.17 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.41 percent (10.29 percent for retirement and 0.05 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.07 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill.

The Town's contributions for the current year, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

Year Ended	Retirement	Health Benefit	Long-Term
June 30,	Fund	Supplement Fund	Disability Fund
2020	40,159	1,719	596

#### **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Liability – At June 30, 2020, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB liability.

	Net pe	nsion/OPEB
	(ass	et) liability
Pension	\$	448,176
Health insurance premium benefit		(873)
Long-term disability		2,046

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2019, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3-6.75 percent to 2.7-7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

The town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employer's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019 and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 were:

			Increase
	Proportion	Proportion	(decrease) from
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Pension	0.003220%	0.003080%	-0.000140%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.003280%	0.003160%	-0.000120%
Long-term disability	0.003230%	0.314000%	0.310770%

The net asset and net liabilities measured as of June 30, 2019, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2018. The change in the Town's net asset and net liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

**Expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	<u>Pension/O</u>	PEB Expense
Pension	\$	12,860
Health insurance premium benefit		1,098
Long-term disability		666

#### NOTE 9. Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension			Health Insurance Premium Benefit				Long-Term Disability					
	De	Deferred		ferred Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Out	flows of	Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Re	sources	Res	ources	Res	sources	Resources		Reso	ources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,096	\$	84	\$	-	\$	1,044	\$	242	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,894		17,847		1,717		-		306		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		10,073		-		1,136		-		44	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		8,886		20,429		7		-		51		36	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		40,159		-		1,719				596		-	
Total	\$	59,035	\$	48,433	\$	3,443	\$	2,180	\$	1,195	\$	80	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	Health					
			Ins	surance		
Year Ended			Pr	emium	Lon	ig-Term
June 30,	I	Pension	В	Benefit	Di	sability
2021	\$	(11,933)	\$	(376)	\$	53
2022		(18,387)		(376)		54
2023		(1,935)		108		96
2024		2,698		213		104
2025		-		(25)		88
Thereafter		-		-		124

#### NOTE 9. Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Discount rate	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7-7.2% for pensions / not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions / not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pension and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, excluding any expected inflation. The ASRS' estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation Effective July 1, 2018	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long term Contribution to Expected Real Return
Equity	50%	6.09%	3.05%
Credit	20%	5.36%	1.07%
Interest Rate Sensitive Bonds	10%	1.62%	0.16%
Real estate	20%	5.85%	1.17%
Totals	100%		5.45%

#### **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)		 Discount Rate (7.5%)		5 Increase (8.5%)
Proportionate share of					
Net pension liability	\$	637,858	\$ 448,176	\$	289,650
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)		4,424	(873)		(5,386)
Net long-term disability liability		2,264	2,046		1,834

**Plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

## Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)

**Plan description** – The Town contributes to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan that covers public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty in the employ of the State of Arizona or a political subdivision thereof. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS. The reports are available on the PSPRS website at <u>www.psprs.com</u>.

#### NOTE 9. Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Benefits provided** – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date	Initial Membership Date		
	Before January 1, 2012	On or After January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017		
<b>Retirement and Disability</b>				
Years of service and age	20 years of service, any age	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5		
required to receive benefit	15 years of service, age 62			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years		
Benefit percent				
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement, whichever	is greater		
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduc retirement, whichever is greater	ced to either 62.5% or normal		
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20			
Survivor Benefit				
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired member's pen-	sion benefit		
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job			

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of living adjustments. The adjustments are based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits to 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

## NOTE 9. Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

**Employees covered by benefit terms** – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

PSPRS	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0	0
Active employees	2	2
Total	3	3

**Contributions and annual OPEB cost** – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements for pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2020 are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			Town-Health
	Active member	Town -	insurance
	- Pension	Pension	premium
PSPRS Police	7.65-11.65%	27.36%	0.00%
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool	9.80%	9.80%	0.21%
Tier 3 for paragraph	9.80%	9.80%	0.21%
Alternate contribution rate	e	14.37%	

Also, statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 14.23% of the annual covered payroll of Town police employees who were PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool members, in addition to the Town's required contributions to the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool for these Town police employees.

In addition, statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 14.23% for police of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions than an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill.

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2020, were:

<b>PSPRS - Police</b>			He	alth
			insur	ance
			prer	nium
	Р	ension	ber	efit
PSPRS	\$	28,741	\$	-
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool		6,222		-

#### **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

During fiscal year 2020, the Town paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100% from the general fund.

Liability (Asset) – At June 30, 2020, the Town reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Ne	et pension	No	et OPEB
	(ass	set) liability	(ass	et) liability
PSPRS	\$	238,653	\$	(40,692)

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return	7.30%
Salary increases	3.50% to 7.50% including inflation
Payroll growth	3.50%
Price inflation	2.50%
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 Employee mortality, loaded 110% for males and females, projected with future mortality improvements reflected generationally using 75% of scale MP-2018

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of a 2016 actuarial experience study.

## **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometrical real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Short-Term Investments	2.00%	0.25%
Risk Parity	4.00%	4.01%
Fixed Income	5.00%	3.00%
Real Assets	9.00%	6.75%
GTS	12.00%	4.01%
Private Credit	16.00%	5.36%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%
Private Equity	12.00%	8.40%
Non-U.S. Equity	14.00%	5.00%
U.S. Equity	16.00%	4.75%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate** –At June 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.30 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension /OPEB liability.

## **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability

PSPRS			Pension			Health insurance premium benefit Increase (decrease)						
		Increa	se (decrease)	)								
	Total Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	Ne	t Pension	Tota	al OPEB	Plan	Fiduciary	Ne	et OPEB	
	Liability	Ne	et Position	]	Liability	L	iability	Ne	t Position	Ι	Liability	
	(a)		(b)	(	a) - (b)		(a)		(b)	(	a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 845,266	\$	644,298	\$	200,968	\$ 20,493		\$	57,987	\$	(37,494)	
Changes for the year:												
Service cost	20,023		-		20,023		539		-		539	
Interest on total pension/OPEB liability	62,832		-		62,832		1,556		-		1,556	
Changes of benefit terms	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and												
actual experience in the measurement of												
the pension/OPEB liability	7,934		-	7,934		(2,480)		-			(2,480)	
Changes of assumptions	15,939		-		15,939		279		-		279	
Contributions - employer	-		27,917		(27,917)		-		-		-	
Contributions - employee	-		7,746		(7,746)		-		-		-	
Net investment income	-		34,989		(34,989)		-		3,146		(3,146)	
Benefit payments, including refunds												
of employee contributions	(32,424)		(32,424)		-		-		-		-	
Hall/Parker settlement	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Plan administrative expenses	-		(1,609)		1,609		-		(54)		54	
Other changes*	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Net changes	74,304		36,619		37,685	_	(106)	_	3,092		(3,198)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 919,570	\$	680,917	\$	238,653	\$	20,387	\$	61,079	\$	(40,692)	

\* Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate noted (7.30 percent) above, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.30 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.30 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase		
	(	6.30%)	(	(7.30%)	(	8.30%)	
PSPRS							
Net pension (asset) / liability	\$	375,675	\$	238,653	\$	127,962	
Net OPEB (asset)/ liability		(37,859)		(40,692)		(43,037)	

**Plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 9.** Retirement, Pensions, and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

**Pension/OPEB expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pensi	on expense	OPE	B expense
PSPRS Police	\$	47,606	\$	(3,088)

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources -** At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS		Pen	sion		Health	Insurance	Premium Benefit		
	Deferred D		Deferred		ferred	De	ferred		
	Outflows of Resources				Outf	lows of	Inf	ows of	
					Resources		Res	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 8,324		\$	18,257	\$ 308		\$	3,135	
Changes in assumptions		34,634		-		224		760	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on									
pension/OPEB plan investments		10,027		-		216		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	34,963		-			-		-	
Total	\$	87,948	\$ 18,257		\$ 748		\$	3,895	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to PSPRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PSPRS pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS								
	Health								
	Insurance								
Year Ended			Pr	emium					
June 30,	P	ension	В	enefit					
2021	\$	14,214	\$	(945)					
2022		4,233		(946)					
2023		8,374		(528)					
2024		7,826		(649)					
2025		81		(79)					
Thereafter		-		-					

#### NOTE 10. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, and damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the Town is a participating member. The limit for basic coverage is for \$2,000,000 per occurrence on claims made basis. The agreement provides that AMRRP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$600,000 for general liability claims and \$100,000 for property claims for each insured event. The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that members' premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its members' additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

The Town is insured by AMRRP for workers compensation insurance for potential job-related accidents. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and the amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 11. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the Arizona Strip Landfill Corporation (See Note 13) to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The landfill began accepting waste May 1, 1997. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Arizona Strip Landfill Corporation (the Company) reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$139,120 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2020, represents the cumulative amount of closure and postclosure costs reported to date based on the use of the estimated capacity of the landfill. An estimated 68% of the landfill capacity had been used by June 30, 2020. The Company will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$65,542, as of June 30, 2020, as the remaining estimated capacity is filled.

These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2020. The Company expects to close the landfill in the year 2032. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Company will record the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care as the estimated capacity is filled. The Company has utilized a local government guarantee rather than establishing a trust fund or other financial mechanism to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and postclosure care costs.

#### **NOTE 12.** Contingent Liabilities and Significant Commitments

The Town is involved with various matters of litigation from year to year. It is the opinion of Town officials that these cases will either be handled by the Town's insurance coverage or that they will not have a material effect on the Town's financial condition.

In August 2002, the Town Council approved guaranteeing their portion of the pre-closure, closure and post-closure costs associated with the Arizona Strip Landfill Company. See local government guarantee noted in above footnote 11. The Town is financially responsible for 24% of these costs.

## NOTE 13. Investment in Arizona Strip Landfill

#### Arizona Strip Landfill Governmental Financing Corporation

The Arizona Strip Governmental Financing Corporation (the Corporation) was incorporated on May 4, 1996 pursuant to an interlocal agreement between the Town of Colorado City, Arizona and the Town of Fredonia, Arizona. The Corporation is a nonprofit corporation/joint venture formed by the two towns for the purpose of financing, permitting, constructing and operating a landfill and municipal solid waste collection system.

The Landfill is leased to the Towns of Colorado City and Fredonia. Annual lease payments are to be determined annually by the Board of Directors by calculating the percentage which each Lessee's thencurrent population represents of the combined populations of the Lessees; however, Colorado City's share currently also includes Hildale City's population as well. The Town's respective shares as of June 30, 2019 are 76% for Colorado City and 24% for Fredonia. The lease payments are secured with a pledge by each town/city of revenue from other sources legally available for such purposes.

The Arizona Strip Governmental Financing Corporation has entered into a lease agreement, which is considered a capital lease in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Town of Fredonia's **estimated** proportionate share of these lease payments, as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Year End	ded			
June 3	),	Principal		
2021		\$	14,399	
2022			12,214	
2023			12,214	
2024	_		910	
Total remaining lease payment	s		39,737	
Less: Amount representing inte	erest		(2,805)	
Present value of net remaining				
minimum lease payments		\$	36,932	

#### **NOTE 13.** Investment in Arizona Strip Landfill (Continued)

Each town appoints two members to the board of directors. The board exercises full power to conduct, manage and direct the business and affairs of the Corporation.

When available, the Corporation's financial statements as of June 30, 2020 can be obtained at the following address:

Town of Colorado City 25 South Central Street Colorado City, Arizona 86021

The Town's share of its investment in the Corporation has not been reported in the statement of net position nor the statement of activities as it is deemed to be immaterial to the Town's financial statements as a whole. The following is a summary of the total assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures associated with the Corporation and their allocation between the Towns for the year ended June 30, 2020.

	Town of Fredonia		(	Colorado City	 Total
Total assets	\$ 198,708		\$	629,240	\$ 827,948
Current liabilities Long-term liabilites Total liabilities	\$	50,886 56,999 107,885	\$	161,139 180,495 341,634	\$ 212,025 237,494 449,519
Net position Total net position Total liabilities and net position	\$	90,823 90,823 198,708	\$	287,606 287,606 629,240	\$ 378,429 378,429 827,948
Total operating revenues Total operating expenses Operating income/(loss) Non-operating revenue/(expense) Change in net position	\$	160,201 (179,690) (19,489) (2,383) (21,872)	\$	507,305 (569,018) (61,713) (7,546) (69,259)	\$ 667,506 (748,708) (81,202) (9,929) (91,131)

## NOTE 14. Restatement Adjustment – Sewer Fund

Beginning net position in the Sewer Fund was increased by \$49,304. During the fiscal year the Town learned debt reserve funds were held on behalf of the Town by the Water Infrastructure Authority of Arizona (WIFA). These funds had not been previously reported in the Town's financial statements.

This page intentionally left blank

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2020

ASRS - Pension	<b>Reporting Fiscal Year</b> (Measurement Date)											
	2020 (2019)			2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)			2015 (2014)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0	0.003080%	C	0.003220%	0	.003050%	0	.003720%	0	.003740%	0.0	0038500%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	448,176	\$	449,077	\$	475,131	\$	600,445	\$	582,724	\$	582,724
Covered payroll	\$	349,888	\$	332,515	\$	320,568	\$	331,628	\$	349,226	\$	358,405
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		128.09%		135.05%		181.06%		166.86%		162.59%		162.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.24%		73.40%		69.92%		67.06%		68.35%		69.49%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit		- 0	Fiscal Year ment Date)	
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.003160%	0.003280%	0.003090%	0.003088%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (873)	\$ (1,181)	\$ (1,682)	\$ 893
Covered payroll	\$ 349,888	\$ 332,515	\$ 320,568	\$ 331,628
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-0.25%	-0.36%	-0.52%	0.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	101.62%	102.20%	103.57%	98.02%

ASRS - Long-term disability		1 0	Fiscal Year nent Date)	
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.314000%	0.003230%	0.003060%	0.003061%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ 2,046	\$ 1,688	\$ 1,109	\$ 1,100
Covered payroll	\$ 349,888	\$ 332,515	\$ 320,568	\$ 331,628
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.58%	0.51%	0.35%	0.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	72.85%	77.83%	84.44%	85.17%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

PSPRS			Reporting (Measure)			
	 2020 (2019)	 2019 (2018)	 2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	 2016 (2015)	 2015 (2014)
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 20,023	\$ 19,545	\$ 21,458	\$ 25,771	\$ 24,666	\$ 25,349
Interest on total pension liability	62,832	60,012	55,021	48,872	45,054	42,350
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	47,380	63,013	-	(790)
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of the total net pension liability	7,934	(4,882)	(16,434)	(16,342)	10,816	(23,819)
Changes of assumptions	15,939	-	20,022	28,427	-	20,566
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions	(32,424)	(61,224)	(37,040)	(36,034)	(28,875)	(28,875)
Net change in total pension liability	 74,304	 13,451	 90,407	 113,707	 51,661	 34,781
Total pension liability - beginning	845,266	831,815	741,408	627,701	576,040	541,259
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 919,570	\$ 845,266	\$ 831,815	\$ 741,408	\$ 627,701	\$ 576,040
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 27,917	\$ 20,895	\$ 16,573	\$ 16,615	\$ 15,187	\$ 11,799
Contributions - employee	7,746	7,194	12,951	14,878	13,789	12,681
Net investment income	34,989	43,890	70,500	3,479	21,229	70,655
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions	(32,424)	(61,224)	(37,040)	(36,034)	(28,875)	(28,875)
Hall/Parker settlement	-	(23,413)	-	-	-	-
Other (net transfer)	(1,609)	(1,360)	(1,015)	(898)	(1,400)	(38,301)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 36,619	(14,018)	 61,969	 (1,960)	 19,930	27,959
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	644,298	658,316	596,347	598,307	578,377	550,418
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 680,917	\$ 644,298	\$ 658,316	\$ 596,347	\$ 598,307	\$ 578,377
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 238,653	\$ 200,968	\$ 173,499	\$ 145,061	\$ 29,394	\$ (2,337)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.05%	76.22%	79.14%	80.43%	95.32%	100.41%
Covered payroll	\$ 97,501	\$ 94,510	\$ 89,818	\$ 127,708	\$ 124,790	\$ 122,521
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	244.77%	212.64%	193.17%	113.59%	23.55%	-1.91%

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2020

PSPRS Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting (Measurer		
	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	 2018 (2017)
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 539	\$ 567	\$ 647
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,556	1,358	1,467
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual			
experience of the total net OPEB liability	(2,480)	500	(1,979)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	279	-	(1,306)
Benefit payments	-	-	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (106)	 2,425	 (1,171)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	20,493	18,068	19,239
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 20,387	\$ 20,493	\$ 18,068
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net investment income	3,146	3,792	5,723
Benefit payments	-	-	-
Administrative expense	(54)	(58)	(51)
Other changes	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 3,092	 3,734	 5,672
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	57,987	54,253	48,581
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 61,079	\$ 57,987	\$ 54,253
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (40,692)	\$ (37,494)	\$ (36,185)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage			
of the total OPEB liability	299.60%	282.96%	300.27%
Covered payroll	\$ 97,501	\$ 94,510	\$ 89,818
Net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-41.73%	-39.67%	-40.29%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2020

ASRS - Pension			Rep	orti	ng Fiscal Y	real				
	 2020	 2019	2018		2017		2016	_	2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 40,159	\$ 36,371	\$ 34,871	\$	32,018	\$	37,806	\$	37,647	\$ 37,138
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (40,159)	\$ (36,371)	\$ (34,871)	\$	(32,018)	\$	(37,806)	\$	(37,647)	\$ (37,138)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 368,498	\$ 349,888	\$ 332,515	\$	320,568	\$	331,628	\$	349,226	\$ 358,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.90%	10.40%	10.49%		9.99%		11.40%		10.78%	10.36%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit		F	Reporting	Fisc	al Year	
	 2020		2019		2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,719	\$	1,496	\$	1,408	\$ 1,663
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,719)		(1,496)		(1,408)	(1,663)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 368,498	\$	349,888	\$	332,515	\$ 320,568
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.47%		0.43%		0.42%	0.52%

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Prior year information is not available.

ASRS - Long-term disability		F	Reporting 1	Fisc	al Year	
	 2020		2019		2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 596	\$	521	\$	512	\$ 416
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(596)		(521)		(512)	(416)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 368,498	\$	349,888	\$	332,515	\$ 320,568
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.16%		0.15%		0.15%	0.13%

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Prior year information is not available.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2020

#### PSPRS

			Rep	orti	ng Fiscal Y	'e ar			
	 2020	 2019	 2018		2017		2016	 2015	 2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 34,963	\$ 27,917	\$ 20,895	\$	16,573	\$	16,615	\$ 15,187	\$ 11,799
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ (34,963)	\$ (27,917)	\$ (20,895)	\$	(16,573)	\$	(16,615)	\$ (15,187)	\$ (11,799)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 101,567	\$ 97,501	\$ 94,510	\$	89,818	\$	127,708	\$ 124,790	\$ 122,521
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	34.42%	28.63%	22.11%		18.45%		13.01%	12.17%	9.63%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

PSPRS Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Rej	oortin	g Fiscal Y	ear		
	 2020		2019		2018	 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 
Covered payroll	\$ 101,567	\$	97,501	\$	94,510	\$ 89,818
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

Note: The Town implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2020

# Note 1. Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarially determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	Individual Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed 20 years; if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years and applied as a credit to reduce the normal cost which otherwise would be payable. 7-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Wage inflation	3.50%
Price inflation	2.50%; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.
Salary increases	3.50% to 7.50% including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.40% for Tiers 1 & 2. 7.00% for Tier 3.
Retirement age	These rates are used to project future decrements from the active population due to retirement. The rates are based on a 2017 experience study using actual plan experience.
Mortality	RP-2014 tables. Employee mortality, loaded 105% for males and females, projected with future mortality improvements reflected generationally using 75% of scale MP-2018. 100% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.
Health care trend rates	None

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2020

Note 2. Factors that Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are included in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increase the required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date.

This page intentionally left blank

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

## FOR THE FOLLOWING MAJOR FUNDS:

#### **General Fund – Budget and Actual**

The **General Fund** is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Special Revenue Funds – Budget and Actual**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

- **Highway User Revenue Fund** (Streets) This fund is used to account for the Town's share or motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds which are restricted for the maintaining, repairing, and upgrading of streets.
- The **Grants Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for federal and state grants and other contributions that are restricted for specific use.

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes:				
City sales tax	\$ 409,881	\$ 409,881	\$ 537,375	\$ 127,494
State sales tax	131,000	131,000	132,989	1,989
Auto lieu taxes	61,000	61,000	60,662	(338)
Library taxes	23,400	23,400	42,043	18,643
Total Taxes	625,281	625,281	773,069	147,788
Licenses, permits and fees:				
Business licenses	3,100	3,100	2,525	(575)
Building permits	13,000	13,000	10,427	(2,573)
Animal licenses	200	200	250	50
Total licenses, permits and fees	16,300	16,300	13,202	(3,098)
Intergovernmental:				
State income tax - urban sharing	193,972	193,972	193,972	-
Total intergovernmental	193,972	193,972	193,972	-
Charges for services:				
Inspection fees	175	175	35	(140)
Franchise fees	2,688	2,688	2,688	-
Planning and zoning	200	200	250	50
Pool	6,000	6,000	3,970	(2,030)
Landfill administrative fee	6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Cemetery	2,000	2,000	2,575	575
Total charges for services	17,063	17,063	15,518	(1,545)
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines & forfeitures	65,000	65,000	108,306	43,306
Library fines	1,500	1,500	1,361	(139)
Total fines and forfeitures	66,500	66,500	109,667	43,167
Miscellaneous				
Contributions	500	500	-	(500)
Interest	9,000	9,000	4,600	(4,400)
Other	97,250	97,250	78,016	(19,234)
Total miscellaneous	106,750	106,750	82,616	(24,134)
Total revenues	1,025,866	1,025,866	1,188,044	162,178

(continued)

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgeted A	Amounts				
Expenditures:		Original	Final		Actual		iance with al Budget
General government:	¢	105 400	¢ 105 400	¢	100.000	¢	2 100
General & administrative Total general government	\$	<u>195,409</u> <u>195,409</u>	<u>\$ 195,409</u> 195,409	\$	192,300 192,300	\$	3,109 3,109
Public safety:							
Judicial		77,784	77,784		105,160		(27,376)
Law enforcement		266,839	266,839		307,382		(40,543)
Fire department		35,100	35,100		21,905		13,195
Building inspection		7,200	7,200		7,955		(755)
Animal control		28,080	28,080		18,483		9,597
Total public safety		415,003	415,003		460,885	1	(45,882)
Public service:							
Senior center		81,167	81,167		77,738		3,429
Health center		4,700	4,700		7,676		(2,976)
Library		77,839	77,839		77,956		(117)
Total public service		163,706	163,706		163,370		336
Parks, recreation & public property:							
Parks, trails and cemetery		22,315	22,315		24,010		(1,695)
Pool		246,514	246,514		44,022		202,492
Total parks, recreation & public property		268,829	268,829		68,032		200,797
Non-departmental:							
Miscellaneous		70,816	70,816		51,386		19,430
Total non-departmental		70,816	70,816		51,386		19,430
Debt service							
Principal		18,499	18,499		18,499		-
Interest		4,571	4,571		4,571		-
Total debt service		23,070	23,070		23,070		-
Total expenditures		1,136,833	1,136,833		959,043		177,790
Total expenditules		1,150,655	1,150,655		<i>yyy</i> ,0 <del>4</del> <i>y</i>		177,790
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(110,967)	(110,967)		229,001	,	339,968
Net change in fund balances		(110,967)	(110,967)		229,001		339,968
Fund balance - beginning		836,123	836,123		836,123		
Fund balance - ending	\$	725,156	\$ 725,156	\$ 1	1,065,124	\$	339,968

## TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Highway User Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue:					
Highway user revenues Interest income	\$ 349,773	\$ 349,773	\$ 343,832 2,233	\$ (5,941) 2,233	
Total revenues	349,773	349,773	346,065	(3,708)	
<b>Expenditures:</b> Streets and highways:					
Service, supplies and other	38,484	38,484	48,544	(10,060)	
Capital outlay	311,289	311,289	364,338	(53,049)	
Total expenditures	349,773	349,773	412,882	(63,109)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			(66,817)	(66,817)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(66,817)	(66,817)	
Fund balance - beginning	376,626	376,626	376,626		
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	\$ 376,626	\$ 376,626	\$ 309,809	\$ (66,817)	

# TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental revenue	\$16,899,828	\$16,899,828	\$ 143,998	\$ (16,755,830)	
Other revenues	25,632	25,632	4,731	(20,901)	
Total revenues	16,925,460	16,925,460	148,729	(16,776,731)	
Expenditures:					
Public safety	11,512	11,512	-	11,512	
Public service	4,888,316	4,888,316	70,836	4,817,480	
Parks, recreation and public property	25,632	25,632	5,463	20,169	
Capital outlay	12,000,000	12,000,000		12,000,000	
Total expenditures	16,925,460	16,925,460	76,299	16,849,161	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures			72,430	72,430	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	72,430	72,430	
Fund balance - beginning	321,643	321,643	321,643		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 321,643	\$ 321,643	\$ 394,073	\$ 72,430	

This page intentionally left blank

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA Landfill Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	-	alance e 30, 2019	A	dditions	Sı	btractions	-	Balance e 30, 2020
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$	1,892 16,771	\$	123,398 23,546	\$	(125,290) (16,771)	\$	23,546
Total assets	\$	18,663	\$	146,944	\$	(142,061)	\$	23,546
Liabilities:	¢	19 662	\$	22 546	\$	(19 662)	\$	23,546
Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u> </u>	18,662	<u>\$</u> \$	23,546	<u> </u>	(18,662)	<u> </u>	23,546

The Landfill Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the Town as an agent for the Arizona Strip Landfill Corporation. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measuring the results of operations

### TOWN OF FREDONIA, ARIZONA BOND DISCLOSURES

The wastewater revenue bond resolutions set forth certain covenants and restrictions. The covenants require establishment and maintenance of certain funds and accounts. Separate cash accounts are required for the wastewater sinking account and for the wastewater reserve account. After payment of current monthly expenses, all remaining operating revenue interest will be transferred to the wastewater reserve account.

The balances in the wastewater sinking and reserve accounts at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Wastewater sinking fund	\$ 46,356
Wastewater reserve fund	 111,711
Total	\$ 158,067

According to the wastewater bond agreements, the Town will use its best efforts to see that the operation and maintenance expenses of the wastewater system do not exceed the revenues available to pay the expenses. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded revenues (before transfers in) by \$18,454.

Additional disclosures required by the resolution are as follows:

- 1. The number of water connections within the Town at June 30, 2020 was 610.
- 2. The number of wastewater connections within the Town at June 30, 2020 was 482.
- 3. Total wastewater billings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$184,992.
- 4. Insurance coverage in effect at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Liability coverage as provided by the Arizona Risk Retention Pool:

Comprehensive liability, \$1,000 deductible occurrence basis	\$ 2,000,000
Automobile liability	
Comprehensive liability	\$ 2,000,000
Uninsured and underinsured motorists (per incident)	\$ 30,000
Collision ACV (specified vehicles)	\$ 1,000

Workers compensation insurance is provided through the Arizona Municipal Workers Compensation Pool.

This page intentionally left blank

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS FROM INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

This page intentionally left blank



### Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Fredonia, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 20, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a deficiency we consider to be a significant deficiency, described in a separate schedule of findings and recommendations letter, dated August 20, 2021 as items:

- 2020-001 Internal Controls over Credit Cards (Material Weakness)
- 2010-001 Segregation of Duties (Significant Deficiency)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Fredonia, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinter Budeda, PLIC

HintonBurdick, PLLC St. George, Utah August 20, 2021



#### Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

The Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Fredonia, Arizona

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Fredonia, Arizona, for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated August 20, 2021. Our audit also included test work on the Town of Fredonia's compliance with selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2.

The management of the Town of Fredonia is responsible for the Town's compliance with all requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; accordingly, we make the following statements:

The Town of Fredonia has established separate funds to account for Highway User Revenue funds and Local Transportation Assistance funds. Highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town of Fredonia pursuant to Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year appear to have been used solely for authorized purposes. The funds are being administered in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Sources of revenues available and fund balances are reflected in the individual fund financial statements.

Our opinion regarding the Town's compliance with annual expenditure limitations has been issued separately with the Town's Annual Expenditure Limitation Report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, The Town of Fredonia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in a separate schedule of findings and recommendations letter, dated August 20, 2021 as items 2019-001 and 2017-2002. Our opinion on compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the State requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinter Burdeds, PLIC

HintonBurdick, PLLC St. George, Utah August 20, 2021